

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1784.

[No. 1173.]

NEWPORT

Containing the freshest Advice

Printed by HENRY BARBER,

"Whosoever our Country calls—Friends,
up, nor own a Sense beyond the Public."



MERCURY

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

at the Foot of the PARADE.

Sons, and Sires, should yield their Treasure
Safety." BROOKES'S GUSTAVUS VASA.

State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations,
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, October Session, 1779.

WHEREAS tolerating strangers to purchase Negro or Mulatto slaves in this State, and carrying them off, either by land or water, against their consent, to perpetuate their slavery in foreign parts, remote from their friends and acquaintance, is against the rights of human nature, and tends greatly to aggravate the condition of slavery, which this General Assembly is disposed rather to alleviate, till some favourable occasion may offer for its total abolition: Be it therefore enacted by this General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is enacted, That in case any stranger, or foreigner, or any person or persons whatsoever, shall presume to purchase and in consequence of such recent title, or of any other right, title or claim whatsoever, shall forcibly or fraudulently attempt to carry off, either by land or water, out of the bounds and jurisdiction of this State, against their consent, any Negro or Mulatto slave or slaves, hereof residing in this State, such attempt shall operate against the person or persons making the same, either by themselves or any other person or persons acting under them and in their behalf, to a total forfeiture and forfeiture of all right, title or claim, to such slave or slaves.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon its being alleged and proved by such slave or slaves, or any other person in his or their behalf, before any one Justice of the Peace in this State, that such an attempt hath been made as aforesaid, it shall be in the power and become the duty of such Justice forthwith to give, under his hand and seal, to such slave or slaves, a certificate of his or their total emancipation, by virtue of which such slave or slaves shall become forever thereafter as perfectly liberated from the power of the persons concerned in such attempt, as though he or they had never been in bondage.

And lest the said slaves should by fraud, threats or duress, be prevailed upon hastily to declare their consent to such sale and exportation, when at the same time in truth and reality they are entirely averse thereto. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing shall be deemed sufficient evidence of such their consent but a certificate, signed by two or more Justices of the Peace, in the town where such slave or slaves may reside, to the following purport, to wit:

"We the subscribers, Justices of the Peace in the town of _____ in the county of _____ and State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, do hereby certify all persons whom it may concern, that _____ a slave about _____ years of age, heretofore belonging to _____ and usually serving _____ in this town, hath appeared before us, at two several times, three days asunder, in the absence of _____ owner, and under no apparent restraint or duress hath fully at each time declared _____ consent to be sold to _____ of the State of _____ in the county of _____ and town of _____ and to be forthwith carried to said town to reside with the said _____ in a state of slavery. Witness our hands; dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord _____."

Provided always, That in case any Negro or Mulatto slave shall become notoriously unfaithful and villainous, and the owner or owners thereof shall allege and make proof of the same, at the general sessions of the peace in the county where such slave or slaves reside, and obtain judgment

against him or them, it shall and may be lawful for the owner or owners to export said delinquent slave or slaves to any place within the jurisdiction of the United States; and a copy of the said judgment annexed to the bill of sale shall justify his or their exportation accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person, owner of any slave or slaves in this State, shall sell or dispose of him or them to be carried out of the State, on any pretence whatever, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof: And that if any person or persons in this State shall be lawfully convicted of selling or disposing of any such slave or slaves in manner as aforesaid, he or they shall forfeit and pay the sum such slave or slaves shall be valued at, the one half thereof to and for the use of this State, and the other half to and for the use of the informer who shall prosecute the same, to be tried and recovered before any court of law in this State proper to try the same.

A true copy:

Witness, HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

Published by order of the Honorable the Upper House of Assembly.

HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

LONDON, November 20.

A ingenious mechanic not far from Charing-cross, is said to have made a considerable progress in the invention of fixing wings to an air balloon, which will easily transport, as he believes, any person with great ease and facility from one region to another! Why is not this as credible, as the first report of a man's making a hollow tree swim upon the water, which has since been improved and magnified into a first rate man of war?

The cruel treatment of the Rajah of Benares, by a great officer in the service of the East-India Company is almost unexampled in history. It appears by the most authentic accounts, that after accepting the sum of 23,000l. from the Rajah, who had ever acted as a friend to Great-Britain, this officer, upon no real foundation, persecutes him to destruction. The unfortunate Indian Prince was arrested in his capital, in his palace, in the face of all his people, to give occasion to an insurrection. On pretext of that insurrection, all treaty and explanation was refused him, and he was driven from his government and his country, proscribed in a general amnesty, and sent over all India an unhappy fugitive, to publish the shame of the British government, in all the nations to whom he successively fled for refuge!!

The stile and nature of the accusations against a great East-India officer (says a correspondent) render his first posturing, and afterwards to ally declining all denial, or even defence or explanation, very extraordinary. No Governor ought to hear in silence such charges; and no court of directors ought to have slept upon them.

A gentleman of the name of Wilken, who is now about 66 years of age, who inherited an estate of about a thousand pounds a year in Cornwall, when only 23, set off (within a year of his father's death) for the continent on his travels, and it is very remarkable that he has continued on his travels ever since. He has rode on horseback, with one servant, over the greatest part of the world. He first viewed every European country, spending eight years in doing

it. He then embarked for America, was two years in the Northern part, and three more in South-America, travelling as a Spaniard, from the extreme facility he had in that language. The climate, prospects, and some other circumstances of Peru, enchanted him so much, that he hired an estancia, or farm, and resided near a year in it. His next tour was to the East; he passed successively through all the territories in Africa, to the south of the Mediterranean, Egypt, Syria, &c. and all the dominions of the Grand Signior; went twice through Persia, once through the Northern, and once through the Southern provinces, all over India, Indostan, Siam, Pegu, &c. made several excursions into China, for some months each time. He was twelve years in the East-Indies. He afterwards, on his return, stopped at the Cape of Good Hope, penetrated far into Africa, and on his returning to the Cape took the opportunity of a ship that went to Batavia, and from thence viewed the islands in the great Indian Archipelago. Returning to Europe, he landed at Cadiz, and passed in a straight line from that place to Moscow, in his way to Kamchatka and Pekin: he is now supposed to be somewhere in Siberia. He has been in correspondence all his life with one or two Cornish gentlemen, with whom he was at college, and their opinion is, that he is determined never to put a period to his travels, while able to move. At 66 years of age, he is in all respects as healthy, hearty and vigorous, as other people at 46.

Dec. 19. The American ship that was entered on Lloyd's books the beginning of last month, brought upwards of 150,000 dollars, which were remitted to merchants in this city.

Soon after the peace of sixty-three, it was proposed to the ministry to suffer the Americans to carry on a trade with the Spanish settlements, and the argument advanced in favour of the measure was, that the greatest part of the specie they derived from that channel would flow into this country.—This now appears to have been sound policy, as the importation of the last six months clearly evinces the truth of the observation made at this period.

Letters have been received from Ireland, which mention the most serious apprehensions to be entertained, in consequence of the late resolution of the House of Commons. The representatives have not only determined against a parliamentary reform, but they have in direct terms called on the government for assistance, to support their resolution against the general sense of the nation expressed by the delegates. Both parties must contend, or one party must yield, and all the advices from Ireland concur in announcing the most determined resolution on the part of the volunteers to effect a reform of parliament, and to fixed system of the Castle being not to give way, another conflict attended with fatal consequences, is much to be dreaded.

Mr. Palmer going home after the business of the theatre was concluded one evening, saw a man lying on the ground with another upon him, beating him most violently. Upon this he remonstrated with the uppermost, telling him that his conduct was unfair, and that he ought to let his opponent get up and have an equal chance with him. The fellow droily turned up his face to Mr. Palmer, and drily replied, "Faith, Sir, if you had been at such trouble to get him down as I have, you would not let him get up so readily."

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1784.

THE

[No. 1173.]

NEWPORT

Containing the freshest ADVICES

Printed by HENRY BARBER,

"When'er our Country calls—Friends,
"up, nor own a Sense beyond the Public."



MERCURY

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

at the Foot of the PARADE.

Sons, and Sires, should yield their Treasure
Safety." BROOKES'S GUSTAVUS VASA.

State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations,
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, October Session, 1779.

WHEREAS tolerating strangers to purchase Negro or Mulatto slaves in this State, and carrying them off, either by land or water, against their consent, to perpetuate their slavery in foreign parts, remote from their friends and acquaintance, is against the rights of human nature, and tends greatly to aggravate the condition of slavery, which this General Assembly is disposed rather to alleviate, till some favourable occasion may offer for its total abolition: Be it therefore enacted by this General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is enacted, That in case any stranger, or foreigner, or any person or persons whatsoever, shall presume to purchase and in consequence of such recent title, or of any other right, title or claim whatsoever, shall forcibly or fraudulently attempt to carry off, either by land or water, out of the bounds and jurisdiction of this State, against their consent, any Negro or Mulatto slave or slaves; heretofore residing in this State, such attempt shall operate against the person or persons making the same, either by themselves or any other person or persons acting under them and in their behalf, to a total forfeiture and forfeiture of all right, title or claim, to such slave or slaves.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon its being alleged and proved by such slave or slaves, or any other person in his or their behalf, before any one Justice of the Peace in this State, that such an attempt hath been made as aforesaid, it shall be in the power and become the duty of such Justice forthwith to give, under his hand and seal, to such slave or slaves, a certificate of his or their total emancipation, by virtue of which such slave or slaves shall become forever thereafter as perfectly liberated from the power of the persons concerned in such attempt, as though he or they had never been in bondage.

And lest the said slaves should by fraud, threats or duress, be prevailed upon hastily to declare their consent to such sale and exportation, when at the same time in truth and reality they are entirely averse thereto. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing shall be deemed sufficient evidence of such their consent but a certificate, signed by two or more Justices of the Peace, in the town where such slave or slaves may reside, to the following purport, to wit:

"We the subscribers, Justices of the Peace in the town of _____ in the county of _____ and State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, do hereby certify all persons whom it may concern, that _____ a slave about _____ years of age, heretofore belonging to _____ and usually serving _____ in this town, hath appeared before us, at two several times, three days asunder, in the absence of _____ owner, and under no apparent restraint or duress hath fully at each time declared _____ consent to be sold to _____ of the State of _____ in the county of _____ and town of _____ and to be forthwith carried to said town to reside with the said _____ in a state of slavery. Witness our hands; dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord _____."

Provided always, That in case any Negro or Mulatto slave shall become notoriously unfaithful and villainous, and the owner or owners thereof shall allege and make proof of the same, at the general sessions of the peace in the county where such slave or slaves reside, and obtain judgment

against him or them, it shall and may be lawful for the owner or owners to export said delinquent slave or slaves to any place within the jurisdiction of the United States; and a copy of the said judgment annexed to the bill of sale shall justify his or their exportation accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person, owner of any slave or slaves in this State, shall sell or dispose of him or them to be carried out of the State, on any pretence whatever, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof: And that if any person or persons in this State shall be lawfully convicted of selling or disposing of any such slave or slaves in manner as aforesaid, he or they shall forfeit and pay the sum such slave or slaves shall be valued at, the one half thereof to and for the use of this State, and the other half to and for the use of the informer who shall prosecute the same, to be tried and recovered before any court of law in this State proper to try the same.

A true copy:

Witness, HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

Published by order of the Honorable the Upper House of Assembly.

HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

L O N D O N, November 20.

AN ingenious mechanic not far from Charing-cross, is said to have made a considerable progress in the invention of fixing wings to an air balloon, which will easily transport, as he believes, any person with great ease and facility from one region to another! Why is not this as credible, as the first report of a man's making a hollow tree swim upon the water, which has since been improved and magnified into a first rate man of war?

The cruel treatment of the Rajah of Benares, by a great officer in the service of the East-India Company is almost unexampled in history. It appears by the most authentic accounts, that after accepting the sum of 23,000l. from the Rajah, who had ever acted as a friend to Great-Britain, this officer, upon no real foundation, persecutes him to destruction. The unfortunate Indian Prince was arrested in his capital, in his palace, in the face of all his people, to give occasion to an insurrection. On pretext of that insurrection, all treaty and explanation was refused him, and he was driven from his government and his country, proscribed in a general amnesty, and sent over all India an unhappy fugitive, to publish the shame of the British government, in all the nations to whom he successively fled for refuge!

The stile and nature of the accusations against a great East-India officer (says a correspondent) render his first postponing, and afterwards to ally declining all denial, or even defence or explanation, very extraordinary. No Governor ought to hear in silence such charges; and no court of directors ought to have slept upon them.

A gentleman of the name of Wilton, who is now about 66 years of age, who inherited an estate of about a thousand pounds a year in Cornwall, when only 23, set off (within a year of his father's death) for the continent on his travels, and it is very remarkable that he has continued on his travels ever since. He has rode on horseback, with one servant, over the greatest part of the world. He first viewed every European country, spending eight years in doing

it. He then embarked for America, was two years in the Northern part, and three more in South-America, travelling as a Spaniard, from the extreme facility he had in that language. The climate, prospects, and some other circumstances of Peru, enchanted him so much, that he hired an estancia, or farm, and resided near a year in it. His next tour was to the East; he passed successively through all the territories in Africa, to the south of the Mediterranean, Egypt, Syria, &c. and all the dominions of the Grand Signior; went twice through Persia, once through the Northern, and once through the Southern provinces, all over India, Indostan, Siam, Pegu, &c. made several excursions into China, for some months each time. He was twelve years in the East-Indies. He afterwards, on his return, stopped at the Cape of Good Hope, penetrated far into Africa, and on his returning to the Cape took the opportunity of a ship that went to Batavia, and from thence viewed the islands in the great Indian Archipelago. Returning to Europe, he landed at Cadiz, and passed in a straight line from that place to Moscow, in his way to Kamchatka and Pekin: he is now supposed to be somewhere in Siberia. He has been in correspondence all his life with one or two Cornish gentlemen, with whom he was at college, and their opinion is, that he is determined never to put a period to his travels, while able to move. At 66 years of age, he is in all respects as healthy, hearty and vigorous, as other people at 46.

Dec. 19. The American ship that was entered on Lloyd's books the beginning of last month, brought upwards of 150,000 dollars, which were remitted to merchants in this city.

Soon after the peace of sixty-three, it was proposed to the ministry to suffer the Americans to carry on a trade with the Spanish settlements, and the argument advanced in favour of the measure was, that the greatest part of the specie they derived from that channel would flow into this country. This now appears to have been sound policy, as the importation of the last six months clearly evinces the truth of the observation made at this period.

Letters have been received from Ireland, which mention the most serious apprehensions to be entertained, in consequence of the late resolution of the House of Commons. The representatives have not only determined against a parliamentary reform, but they have in direct terms called on the government for assistance, to support their resolution against the general sense of the nation expressed by the delegates. Both parties must contend, or one party must yield, and all the advices from Ireland concur in announcing the most determined resolution on the part of the volunteers to effect a reform of parliament, and the fixed system of the Castle being not to give way, another conflict attended with fatal consequences, is much to be dreaded.

Mr. Palmer going home after the business of the theatre was concluded one evening, saw a man lying on the ground with another upon him, beating him most violently. Upon this he remonstrated with the uppermost, telling him that his conduct was unfair, and that he ought to let his opponent get up and have an equal chance with him. The fellow drolly turned up his face to Mr. Palmer, and drily replied "Faith, Sir, if you had been at such trouble to get him down as I have, you would not be for letting him get up so readily."

THE Imperial mint is now melting down and coining the gold and silver plate found in the suppressed Convents.

Hague, Nov. 5. In the last Assembly of the States of this province, it was resolved to make a more pointed acknowledgment to the Court of France, of the sensibility of the Republic, for the generous proceedings of his Christian Majesty towards them, than that concluded upon in the Assembly of the States General on the 22d of October.

L O N D O N, November 13.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, October 30.

"This morning Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan were severally brought before Lord Chief Justice Lord Annaly, the first by Alderman Exshaw, and the latter by Sheriff Kirkpatrick. His Lordship, after severe but friendly reprimands, and official admonitions, bound each in the recognizances of 20,000l. to keep the peace. We may therefore hope, that through the interposition of friends, these ornaments of their country and its senate will be perfectly reconciled; and that, forgetting every thing but the good of their country, we may see them concur in its service.

"Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan, attended by their friends, Montgomery, of Dounegall, and Cuffe, had almost reached the ground appointed for an interview, which must have proved fatal at least to one of the men who so justly are the boast and glory of Ireland. To elude the vigilance of the Sheriffs and Alderman Exshaw, member of the gentlemen slept in their own houses; however, proper persons were stationed at all the avenues leading from town, and happily intelligence was given to the Magistrates before they arrived at Ballibough Bridge.

"It is hoped that proper steps will be taken by the House to prevent the dispute being carried farther.

"Mr. Flood, in the course of his speech, on Tuesday night, did assert, that before the commencement of this session he sent a friend to Mr. Grattan to request that all animosities might cease, and not to bring in any manner before the House their difference of opinion of the transactions of a former session. To this Mr. Grattan made an evasive reply—and the first time he opened his lips in the new Parliament made a direct and violent attack upon Mr. Flood's character."

G R A T T A N and F L O O D.

Question and Answer.

Q. Pray what has given to Flood a mortal wound?

A. Grattan's obtaining fifty thousand pound.

Q. Will Flood forgive an injury so sore?

A. Yes, if they give him fifty thousand more.

Sunday morning an officer was met in Hyde-park by one of his ship mates, who shot him thro' the body, and made an instant escape. The unfortunate deceased was considered by all the foremost men to be of a tyrannical disposition, and they having been generally ill used, drew lots who should be his destroyer. Their plan being accomplished, the time was fixed, and yesterday the deceased met his destruction, the destined man having met him by surprise, and shot him thro' the heart. The assassin has escaped, notwithstanding the vigilance of the police, but there is hardly a doubt but the parties of the combination will be brought to account for their adherence to the horrid deed.

Dec. 13. A report was circulated last night, that Lord Charlemont and the Earl of Bristol had each left Dublin, in consequence of the late procedure of the Irish Parliament. A general order has been issued to the Volunteers to assemble on matters of public concern in the vicinity of Dublin, and each of them to be provided with six rounds of shot. It was also asserted that Lord Northington had made every preparation to thwart their intentions, and had taken the field in opposition to them, with the regular forces under his command. General Burgoyne has left London, and set out for Ireland.

A negotiation is now going on with the German Powers who were subsidized by Great-Britain for the hire of troops during the war, for payment of the head money for such men as were killed in America, according to the tenor of the treaties that are subsisting, and now are about to be dissolved, as far as respects the hire of troops.

A negotiation is also on the tapis with France and Spain for the payment of expenses of prisoners during the war; and also with France on the same account during the war that broke out in 1796, and closed in 1803.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, during the time of ascension of Missrs. Charles and Robert's aërostatic car at Paris, was on the Pont Royale, where the concourse of people was so great, that his Highness was very much incommoded, and indeed in a dangerous situation; the danger increasing every moment, he at length cried out, *I am brother to the King of England!* upon which a French soldier, who was near, immediately came to his assistance, and conducted his Royal Highness safe from the crowd.—A remarkable trait of French politeness here follows: The Duke offered his purse to his preserver, by whom he was answered—*Sire, I am a French soldier, and cannot accept it, but am happy in having had the honor of preserving the life of a brother of the KING of ENGLAND.*

The dissensions among the leading people in America, are increasing in violence more and more every day; inasmuch that, added to other efforts towards appeasing them, Dr. Franklin's personal mediation in America is an event which is mentioned as far from improbable.

Extract of a letter from Paris, October 30.

"Young Agill and his sister are much distressed at Fontainebleau; they have been presented at Court, and to M. de Vergennes, by the Duke de Lauzun, and the Marquis de la Fayette."

The words *and with*, like those of *will and shall*, are often confounded by people of the Scottish nation: It happened a short time since, that his Majesty at the levee, addressing himself to a Scottish Lady, inquired after the welfare of her Lord; when her Ladyship humbly thanked his Majesty assuring him her Lord was very well, and in his last letter said, *he longed to be at her.*

The Abbe Hauveau, in a preliminary discourse to the *Dictionnaire de Commerce*, now publishing in numbers at Paris; endeavours to answer all the objections that have or can be made to the freest trade imaginable. He contends that the same advantages as were produced to France by abolishing the custom-houses at the entrance of each province; would be procured to Great-Britain, and the world in general by the abolition of them in every country. The Abbe is allowed to have treated his subject in a very plausible manner, but has been severely attacked by a legion of financiers, clerks, and other dependents on the revenue.

It is said that a certain amiable female personage, on reading the account of the miseries of the Asiatic inhabitants through the oppression and cruelties of the Company's servants, dropt many a tear at the hard fate of a certain disinherited wandering Eastern Prince; and for once in her life expressed a political wish, that the bill might pass into a law which was to relieve him from his necessities, and restore his subjects to their rights.

The celebrated Paul Jones, who was announced to have arrived here a few days since, came from America on an air balloon, and went to Paris in a paragraph. PUFF was the author on both occasions.

K I N G S T O N (Jamaica) Jan. 3.

A report prevails in town, of an official account from England having been received by the Roebuck, that Kingston is on the eve of being declared a free port to all the world; a confirmation of which would doubtless give general satisfaction.

N E W - Y O R K, March 12.

It was confidently reported last week, that a piratical vessel was seen three leagues off the Hook, and that she had plundered a schooner from the southward bound in here; it is said she is a small ship, carrying 16 guns, and full of men.

By a gentleman from the southward we learn, that it is expedient Congress will fix their permanent residence at Philadelphia.

This day will sail for Falmouth, wind and weather permitting, the British Packet Tankerville, Captain M'Donough, with a Foreign Mail.

To-morrow will sail for Port l'Orient, with a Foreign Mail, His Most Christian Majesty's Packet Le Courier de New-York, Captain Jubart.

N E W - L O N D O N, March 12.

At a meeting of the freemen of this city, agreeable to their charter, on Monday last, the following gentlemen were elected to the offices prefixed to their names, viz.

Mayor.

Hon. RICHARD LAW, Esquire.

John Dethen, David Mumford, Winthrop, Salmonfall, Thomas Shaw, Esquires, Aldermen.

The freemen also of said meeting made choice of twenty Common Council-Men; and then adjourned to Monday next.

S A L E M, March 11.

Captain Jacobs, of the brig Tom, arrived here, on Sunday last, from St. Christopher, after a passage of 55 days. He informs, that the French restored that island to the British on the 9th of January; that the Grenades was also given up to the same government; and that St. Lucia was relinquished to the French; agreeable to the stipulations of the late treaty of peace.

No vessels from the United States were permitted to enter the harbours of St. Christopher after the evacuation of the island by the French. Two vessels with American colours, prior to the sailing of Capt. Jacobs, being seen in the Offing, notice was sent them not to enter the port, unless they were in distress. One or both of them accordingly bore away for some other island.

S O S T O N, March 11.

Extract of a letter from Newry, in Ireland, dated the 25th of November last, from a House of the first reputation, to a friend in this place.

"Four years ago we had influence enough to procure a law for a bounty on linens, similar to that in England, and rd. 1-2 per yard is paid down on all linens, shipped from hence for America, under 20d per yard: this is a pleasing circumstance, and will expedite commerce between us exceedingly; of which I wish you would acquaint the public on your side the water, for the benefit of trade with Ireland."

We are happy to acquaint the public, that the paragraph inserted in this paper some time past, of the loss of the ship Fortune and cargo, on the Goodwin Sands, is a mistake. Capt. Hayden, in said ship, being safe arrived at London.

A meeting for the choice of town officers, was last Monday held at Faneuil-Hall, which by adjournment still continues.—A letter from one of the neighbouring towns has been laid before them, requesting them to choose one or more members, in order, with the other towns, to form a COUNTY CONVENTION; which they propose shall take under consideration the *Commutation* allowed the officers of the continental army, with other matters. A committee has been chosen to write them on the subject, who, if we may judge from the apparent sense of the town, will reprobate such proceedings as entirely unconstitutional.

N E W P O R T, March 20.

A Letter from St. Christopher, dated December 9, says, "The frequent Earthquakes we have experienced has been truly alarming, more particularly those of the 4th of this Month—Eight smart Shocks from Three to Six o'Clock, in the Morning, and the Earth, during the whole Time, in a continual Tremor.—We never expected to have seen another Day.—Our House being a Stone Building we have not lodged in it since."

The Sieur Francis de Marbois, having been recognized by the United States in Congress assembled, as Consul General for the Thirteen United States of North-America, the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania have declared, that the Privileges, Pre-eminence and Authority, belonging to such Character and Quality, are due to him.

The Sloop Providence, Capt. Lewis Thomas, belonging to Providence, was unfortunately cast away, on a Reef of Rocks off Cape-Francois, the 14th of January last:—Vessel and Cargo lost—People saved.

Last Tuesday arrived here the Sloop Newport, Capt. Christopher Ellery, in 19 Days from Fort Dauphin, by whom we learn that there were great Rejoicings at Cape Francois, &c. on Account of the signing of the Definitive Treaty.

Yesterday arrived here the Sloop Diamond, Captain John Wanton, in Nine Days from Cape Fair, North-Carolina.

The General Assembly of Connecticut, have lately passed an Act to promote the making of Raw Silk within that State.—Also an Act for the

THE NEW YORK, October 19.

THE Imperial mint is now melting down and coining the gold and silver plate found in the suppressed Convents.

Hague, Nov. 5. In the last Assembly of the States of this province, it was resolved to make a more pointed acknowledgment to the Court of France, of the sensibility of the Republic, for the generous proceedings of his Christian Majesty towards them, than that concluded upon in the Assembly of the States General on the 22d of October.

L O N D O N, November 13.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, October 30.

"This morning Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan were severally brought before Lord Chief Justice Lord Annaly, the first by Alderman Exshaw, and the latter by Sheriff Kirkpatrick. His Lordship, after severe but friendly reprimands, and official admonitions, bound each in the recognizances of 20,000l. to keep the peace. We may therefore hope, that through the interposition of friends, these ornaments of their country and its senate will be perfectly reconciled; and that, forgetting every thing but the good of their country, we may see them concur in its service.

"Mr. Flood and Mr. Grattan, attended by their friends, Montgomery, of Dounegall, and Cuffe, had almost reached the ground appointed for an interview, which must have proved fatal at least to one of the men who so justly are the boast and glory of Ireland. To elude the vigilance of the Sheriffs and Alderman Exshaw, number of the gentlemen slept in their own houses; however, proper persons were stationed at all the avenues leading from town, and happily intelligence was given to the Magistrates before they arrived at Ballibough Bridge.

"It is hoped that proper steps will be taken by the House to prevent the dispute being carried farther.

"Mr. Flood, in the course of his speech, on Tuesday night, did assert, that before the commencement of this session he sent a friend to Mr. Grattan to request that all animosities might cease, and not to bring in any manner before the House their difference of opinion of the transactions of a former session. To this Mr. Grattan made an evasive reply—and the first time he opened his lips in the new Parliament made a direct and violent attack upon Mr. Flood's character."

G R A T T A N and F L O O D.

Question and Answer.

Q. Pray what has given to Flood a mortal wound?

A. Grattan's obtaining fifty thousand pound.

Q. Will Flood forgive an injury so sore?

A. Yes, if they give him fifty thousand more.

Sunday morning an officer was met in Hyde-park by one of his ship mates, who shot him thro' the body, and made an instant escape. The unfortunate deceased was considered by all the foremost men to be of a tyrannical disposition, and they having been generally ill used, drew lots who should be his destroyer. Their plan being accomplished, the time was fixed, and yesterday the deceased met his destruction, the destined man having met him by surprise, and shot him thro' the heart. The assassin has escaped, notwithstanding the vigilance of the police, but there is hardly a doubt but the parties of the combination will be brought to account for their adherence to the horrid deed.

Dec. 13. A report was circulated last night, that Lord Charlemont and the Earl of Bristol had each left Dublin, in consequence of the late procedure of the Irish Parliament. A general order has been issued to the Volunteers to assemble on matters of public concern in the vicinity of Dublin, and each of them to be provided with six rounds of shot. It was also asserted that Lord Northampton had made every preparation to thwart their intentions, and had taken the field in opposition to them, with the regular forces under his command. General Burgoyne has left London, and set out for Ireland.

A negotiation is now going on with the German Powers who were subsidized by Great-Britain for the hire of troops during the war, for payment of the head money for such men as were killed in America, according to the tenor of the treaties that are subsisting, and now are about to be dissolved, as far as respects the hire of troops.

A negotiation is also on the tapis with France and Spain for the payment of expences of prisoners during the war; and also with France on the same account during the war that broke out in 1756, and closed in 1763.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, during the time of ascension of Messrs. Charles and Robert's aërostatic car at Paris, was on the Pont Royal, where the concourse of people was so great, that his Highness was very much incommoded, and indeed in a dangerous situation; the danger increasing every moment, he at length cried out, *I am brother to the King of England!* upon which a French soldier, who was near, immediately came to his assistance, and conducted his Royal Highness safe from the crowd.—A remarkable trait of French politeness here follows: The Duke offered his purse to his preserver, by whom he was answered—"Sire, *I am a French soldier, and cannot accept it, but am happy in having had the honor of preserving the life of a brother of the KING of ENGLAND.*"

The dissensions among the leading people in America, are increasing in violence more and more every day, inasmuch that, added to other efforts towards appeasing them, Dr. Franklin's personal mediation in America is an event which is mentioned as far from improbable.

Extract of a letter from Paris, October 30.

"Young Asgill and his sister are much caressed at Fontainebleau; they have been presented at Court, and to M. de Vergennes, by the Duke de Lauzun, and the Marquis de la Fayette."

The words *at* and *with*, like those of *will* and *shall*, are often confounded by people of the Scottish nation: It happened a short time since, that his Majesty at the levee, addressing himself to a Scottish Lady, inquired after the welfare of her Lord; when her Ladyship humbly thanked his Majesty assuring him her Lord was very well, and in his last letter said, *he longed to be AT her.*

The Abbe Baudeau, in a preliminary discourse to the *Dictionnaire de Commerce*, now publishing in numbers at Paris, endeavours to answer all the objections that have or can be made to the free trade imaginable. He contends that the same advantages as were produced to France by abolishing the custom-houses at the entrance of each province, would be procured to Great-Britain, and the world in general by the abolition of them in every country. The Abbe is allowed to have treated his subject in a very plausible manner, but has been severely attacked by a legion of financiers, clerks, and other dependents on the revenue.

It is said that a certain amiable female personage, on reading the account of the miseries of the Asiatic inhabitants through the oppression and cruelties of the Company's servants, dropt many a tear at the hard fate of a certain disinherited wandering Eastern Prince; and for once in her life expressed a political wish, that the bill might pass into a law which was to relieve him from his necessities, and restore his subjects to their rights.

The celebrated Paul Jones, who was announced to have arrived here a few days since, came from America on an air balloon, and went to Paris in a paragraph. Puff was the author on both occasions.

K I N G S T O N (Jamaica) Jan 3.

A report prevails in town, of an official account from England having been received by the Roebuck, that Kingston is on the eve of being declared a free port to all the world; a confirmation of which would doubtless give general satisfaction.

N E W - Y O R K, March 12.

It was confidently reported last week, that a piratical vessel was seen three leagues off the Hook, and that she had plundered a schooner from the southward bound in here; it is said she is a small ship, carrying 16 guns, and full of men.

By a gentleman from the southward we learn, that it is expected Congress will fix their permanent residence at Philadelphia.

This day will sail for Falmouth, wind and weather permitting, the British Packet Tankerville, Captain McDonough, with a Foreign Mail.

To-morrow will sail for Port l'Orient, with a Foreign Mail, His Most Christian Majesty's Packet Le Courier de New-York, Captain Jubart.

N E W - L O N D O N, March 12.

At a meeting of the freemen of this city, agreeable to their charter, on Monday last, the following gentlemen were elected to the offices prefixed to their names, viz.

Mayor.

Hon. RICHARD LAW, Esquire.

John Dethen, David Mumford, Winthrop, Saltonstall, Thomas Shaw, Esquires, Aldermen.

The freemen also of said meeting made choice of twenty Common Council-Men; and then adjourned to Monday next.

S A L E M, March 11.

Captain Jacobs, of the brig Tom, arrived here, on Sunday last, from St. Christopher, after a passage of 55 days. He informs, that the French restored that island to the British on the 9th of January; that the Grenades was also given up to the same government; and that St. Lucia was relinquished to the French; agreeable to the stipulations of the late treaty of peace.

No vessels from the United States were permitted to enter the harbours of St. Christopher after the evacuation of the island by the French. Two vessels with American colours, prior to the sailing of Capt. Jacobs, being seen in the Offing, notice was sent them not to enter the port, unless they were in distress. One or both of them accordingly bore away for some other island.

B O S T O N, March 11.

Extract of a letter from Newry, in Ireland, dated the 25th of November last, from a House of the first reputation, to a friend in this place.

"Four years ago we had influence enough to procure a law for a bounty on linens, similar to that in England, and 1d. 1-2 per yard is paid down on all linens, shipped from hence for America, under 20d per yard: this is a pleasing circumstance, and will expedite commerce between us exceedingly; of which I wish you would acquaint the public on your side the water, for the benefit of trade with Ireland."

We are happy to acquaint the public, that the paragraph inserted in this paper some time past, of the loss of the ship Fortune and cargo, on the Goodwin Sands, is a mistake. Capt. Hayden, in said ship, being safe arrived at London.

A meeting for the choice of town officers, was last Monday held at Faneuil-Hall, which by adjournment still continues.—A letter from one of the neighbouring towns has been laid before them, requesting them to choose one or more members, in order, with the other towns, to form a COUNTY CONVENTION; which they propose shall take under consideration the Commutation allowed the officers of the continental army, with other matters. A committee has been chosen to write them on the subject, who, if we may judge from the apparent sense of the town, will reprobate such proceedings as entirely unconstitutional.

N E W P O R T, March 20.

A Letter from St. Christopher, dated December 9, says, "The frequent Earthquakes we have experienced has been truly alarming, more particularly those of the 4th of this Month—Eight smart Shocks from Three to Six o'Clock, in the Morning, and the Earth, during the whole Time, in a continual Tremor.—We never expected to have seen another Day.—Our House being a Stone Building we have not lodged in it since."

The Sieur Francis de Marbois, having been recognized by the United States in Congress assembled, as Consul General for the Thirteen United States of North-America, the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania have declared, that the Privileges, Pre-eminence and Authority, belonging to such Character and Quality, are due to him.

The Sloop Providence, Capt. Lewis Thomas, belonging to Providence, was unfortunately cast away, on a Reef of Rocks off Cape-Francois, the 14th of January last:—Vessel and Cargo lost—People saved.

Last Tuesday arrived here the Sloop Newport, Capt. Christopher Ellery, in 19 Days from Fort Dauphin, by whom we learn that there were great Rejoicings at Cape Francois, &c. on Account of the signing of the Definitive Treaty.

Yesterday arrived here the Sloop Diamond, Captain John Wanton, in Nine Days from Cape Fair, North-Carolina.

The General Assembly of Connecticut, have lately passed an Act to promote the making of Raw Silk within that State.—Also an Act for the

Regulation of Navigation, by which it is enacted, that the Governor of that State for the Time being, shall be the Superintendent of Marine.

LaT Thursday Evening departed this Life, in the 77th Year of her Age, Mrs. MARY ALMY, Relict of Captain JOSHUA ALMY, late of this Town. Her Remains are to be interr'd Tomorrow Afternoon at 2 o'Clock.

DIED]—At South-Kingstown, Mrs. ABIGAIL WHEELER, Consort of Mr. RUFUS WHEELER, of this Town.—In this Town, Mrs. SARAH TREVETT, Wife of Capt. JOHN TREVETT.

NAVAL-OFFICE, Port of Newport, March 20.
INWARD ENTRIES, From
Brigantine Walthington, W. Gardner, Hispanio.
CLEARED, For
Schooner Betfy, N. Webster, New-York.
Sloop Sally, O. Reed, Ditto.

JUST PUBLISHED.
And to be SOLD by SOLOMON SOUTHWICK and HENRY BARBER, at the Post and Printing Offices at the Bottom of the Parade,

A LETTER FROM
PHOCION,
To the Considerate Citizens of NEW-YORK.
ON THE POLITICS OF THE DAY.

"The Piece is said to have been written by a Gentleman of the American Army, eminent both for Rank and Abilities. It had a great Run in the City New-York, and contains Sentiments that every Friend to this Country would wish to see universally prevalent. The Arguments are strong and conclusive for the Necessity of our complying with the Treaty of Peace, now ratified by Congress, in all its Parts."

TO BE LET, for the Term of One Year, on Wednesday the Twenty-fourth Day of March instant, at the Dwelling-House of Col. Thoms Porter, on Little-Red Hill, That well known Tract of Land, in South-Kingstown, called the POINT FARM, belonging to this estate. THOMAS WELLS, WILLIAM CHANNING } Committee.
R. J. HELME,
March 17, 1784.

THE Honorable General Assembly, at February Session, 1784, having appointed the Subscribers a Committee to ascertain the Amount of Certificates given by the Paymaster of this State's late Continental Regiment, and countersigned by the Commanding Officer, to the Men raised for Nine Months as Recruits for said Regiment, in the Campaign of 1782:—In Consequence whereof, we call on all Persons possessing any of the above described Certificates to produce them to us.—Attendance will be given on every Saturday (till the First Day of May next) at the State-House in Providence, for the above Purpose. ESEK HOPKINS,
JEREMIAH OLNEY.

Providence, March 13, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on the First Day of April next, at 11 o'Clock, A. M. if not sold before at private Sale, THE HOUSE and LOT of Land, formerly belonging to Samuel Pitman, late of Newport, deceased, situate on the Hill. Any Person inclining to purchase said Estate at private Sale, may know the Terms by applying to ABIGAIL PITMAN, at the House of Robert Taylor, Esq.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

S N U F F.
EXCELLENT Snuff to be sold, at Two Shillings and Five-pence per Dozen, by
CHARLES DUNBAR,
At his Shop the Corner of the Old Church Lane, Thames-Street.
Also West-India and other Goods cheap for Cash, and a Very good Assortment of Crockery Ware.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on Friday next the 26th Instant, at 11 o'Clock, A. M. if not sold before at private Sale,

A BRIGANTINE of 120 Tons, with all her Rigging, &c. as she now lies at Capt. Caleb Gardner's Wharf. Any Person inclining to purchase her at private Sale, may know the Terms by applying to Mr. Ancianx, in Thames-Street.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

To be SOLD, and entered upon in the Spring.

THE well known Homestead FARM which lately belonged to RICHARD GREENE, of Potowomut, deceased, containing nearly 875 Acres of Land, pleasantly situated on a Neck of Land, and is suitable for every Kind of Improvement. It will answer well to be divided into three Farms, nearly of an equal Number of Acres. There is standing on the Easterly Part a large well-finished Dwelling House, two Stories high, 40 by 30 Feet, with an excellent Cellar of the same Dimensions, a large Projection for a Kitchen, Wash Room, and a Room suitable for Work People to dine in, on the same Floor.—There are three Barns, three Corn Cribbs, and other out Buildings thereon, generally in good Repair. There is tillage Land sufficient to produce from 12 to 1800 Bushels of Indian Corn annually, from 50 to 75 Acres that may be planted once in 7 or 8 Years, provided it is well stocked with Grass-Seed when laid down to English Grain, which ought to be the succeeding Year. The Farm will be sold together or in Divisions, as will best suit the Purchaser or Purchasers. There are upwards of 300 Apple Trees, chiefly of excellent Fruit, but have been infested with Canker Worms some Years past. There is a sufficient Quantity of young growing Oak and Walnut Wood for Fuel, besides 8 or 10,000 Locust Trees, some Thousands of which suitable for transplanting, which may be done to Advantage. There may be Forage procured from the Produce of said Farm sufficient to winter 70 Head of Cattle and 300 sheep annually.

As the Estate is greatly involved, if not sold in the Spring, the Executors propose delivering it up to the Creditors, to be rented for their Advantage until sold; it will therefore be necessary that they meet in order to ascertain their Claims, and affix their Proportions of the Profits arising, and for that Purpose they are requested individually to meet on the Farm, by themselves or Agents, on the 25th Day of March next, when the present Stock with the Farming Utensils, will be sold, if the Creditors do not choose to let them with the Farm.

Potowomut, Feb. 26, 1784.

For Charleston,
SOUTH CAROLINA.
The SCHOONER
GEORGE-TOWN,
JOSEPH VOLANS, Master.



WILL be ready to sail by the 25th Instant, has good Accommodations for Passengers. Freight or Passage apply to JACOB ISSACKS or the Master on board, now lying at Stevens & Seven-ton's Wharf.

Who has to dispose of excellent Bohea Tea, by the Chest, or smaller Quantity at 3s. per lb. He has likewise to sell a HOUSE consisting of 5 Rooms on a Floor, and is completely finished, with a Chase House, and other Out Buildings belonging thereto, situated in a pleasant Part of the Town.

Newport, March 12, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,
A Compleat Set of Block-Maker's Tools with a Wheel, and a Quantity of Lignumvitz. Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, February 20, 1784.

TO BE LET, for One Year or longer, the House and Lot belonging to and occupied by JAMES WEAVER.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

THE Hon. Town-Council of Newport having appointed us the Subscribers Committee, and allowed Six Months to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of JONATHAN FAIRBANK, deceased, and the Estate of his Wife USANNAM FAIRBANK, late of Newport, deceased, reputed insolvent. We hereby give Notice to all those who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit them to us, at our respective Dwellings; and all those who are indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment within the above Time, to
JOHN GARDNER.
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST.
Newport, March 1, 1784.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Walter Easton,

At his Shop next Door South of the Brick Market, exceeding cheap for Cash, the following Articles, viz.

SUPERFINE red, light and other colour'd Broad-Cloths, Corduroys, Sattinets, Calimancoes, Tammies, Shalloons, Moreens, Irish Linens, Dowlas, Calicoes, Black and white trimming Gauze, Black and white Gauge Handkerchiefs, Black and white Millinet, Silk, Cotton, and Linen Handkerchiefs, Apron and shirting Checks, Buckram, Twist, and sewing Silk, Cordings, Red and green Baize, Fickinburg, Men's Gilt and worsted H-f, Men's and Women's Silk and Leather Gloves, Black Breeches Patterns, Wide and narrow black Satin, Wide and narrow black Mode, Green and red Sarfunts, Cambrick and Lawn, Yard Wide Kenten Handkerchiefs, Red, black, and spotted Veils, White and yellow Swastika, An Assortment of Ribbons, Flowerd Serge, Men's and Women's red Morocco Pocket Books, Men's Morocco Shoes, Calimanco and Sattinet Ditto, Wilton Carpets, Bedticks, Men's Leather Shoes, Coloured and Scotts Thread, Slate colour'd Sattin, Black Taffety, Black Pelong, Curtain Calicoes, Dark & light Chintzes, Lurestrings, Russia and Irish Sheet-ing, Diaper, Marseilles Quiltings, Rose Blankets, Bengals, Grapes, Silverits, Wide and narrow Tapes, Wide and narrow Bindings, Cambletens, Camblets, Tobines, Brass Candlesticks, Large & small Scissars, Taylor's Shears, Knives and Forks, Double Knives, Penknives, Pewter Ink Pots, Plated Spurs & Whips, Linthorns, Hand Trumpets, Steelyards, Hammers, Hatchets, Fat Irons, Large and small Bel-lows, Ivory & Horn Combs, Brass Scales, Cork Screws, HL Hinges, Padlocks, Roman Waiters, Large and small frying Pans, Men's and Women's plated Shoe Buckles, Iron Spades, Awl Blades, Awl Halls, Spike & other Gimlets, Looking Glasses, Loaf and brown Sugar, Molasses, Best of Hyson and Bohea Teas, Flour, Rice, Indigo, Snuff and Snuff Boxes, Thimbles, Needles, and Pins, With sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

Newport, January 23, 1784.

ulation of Navigation, by which it is enacted, that the Governor of that State for the Time being, shall be the Superintendent of Marine. Last Thursday Evening departed this Life, in the 77th Year of her Age, Mrs. MARY ALMY, Widow of Captain JOSHUA ALMY, late of this Town. Her Remains are to be interr'd Tomorrow Afternoon at 2 o'Clock. DIED]—At South-Kingstown, Mrs. ABIGAIL HEELER, Consort of Mr. RUFUS WHEELER, of this Town.—In this Town, Mrs. SARAH BEYETT, Wife of Capt. JOHN TREVETT.

AVAIL-OFFICE, Port of Newport, March 20.
INWARD ENTRIES, From
gantine Washington, W. Gardner, Hispania a.
CLEARED, For
Booner Betsey, N. Webster, New-York.
Op Sally, O. Reed, Ditto.

JUST PUBLISHED,
and to be SOLD by SOLOMON
SOUTHWICK and HENRY
BARBER, at the Post and Printing Offices
at the Bottom of the Parade,

A LETTER FROM
H O C I O N,
to the Considerate Citizens of NEW-YORK.
ON THE POLITICS OF THE DAY.

* * * "The Piece is said to have been written by
Gentleman of the American Army, eminent both for
ink and Abilities. It had a great Run in the City
New-York, and contains Sentiments that every
friend to this Country would wish to see universally
valent. The Arguments are strong and conclusive
of the Necessity of our complying with the Treaty of
peace, now ratified by Congress, in all its Parts."

TO BE LET, for the Term of One Year,
on Wednesday the Twenty-fourth Day of
March instant, at the Dwelling-House of
Col. Thoms Potter, on Little-Red Hill, That
well known Tract of Land, in South-Kingstown,
called the POINT FARM, belonging to this
late. THOMAS WELLS,
WILLIAM CHANNING } Committee.
R. J. HELME;
March 17, 1784.

THE Honorable General Assembly, at Fe-
bruary Session, 1784, having appointed
the Subscribers a Committee to ascertain
the Amount of Certificates given by the Pay-
master of this State's late Continental Regiment,
and countersigned by the Commanding Officer,
to the Men raised for Nine Months as Recruits
of said Regiment, in the Campaign of 1782 :—
in Consequence whereof, we call on all Persons
possessing any of the above described Certificates
to produce them to us.—Attendance will be
given on every Saturday (till the First Day of
May next) at the State-House in Providence, for
the above Purpose. ESEK HOPKINS,
JEREMIAH OLNEY.
Providence, March 13, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on the First
Day of April next, at 11 o'Clock, A. M.
if not sold before at private Sale,
THE HOUSE and LOT of Land,
formerly belonging to Samuel Pit-
man, late of Newport, deceased, situate on
the Hill. Any Person inclining to pur-
chase said Estate at private Sale, may know
the Terms by applying to ABIGAIL
PITMAN, at the House of Robert Tay-
lor, Esq.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

S N U F F.
EXCELLENT Snuff to be sold, at
Two Shillings and Five-pence
per Dozen, by
CHARLES DUNBAR,
At his Shop the Corner of the Old
Church Lane, Thames-street.
Also West-India and other Goods
cheap for Cash, and a very good As-
ortment of Crockery Ware.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on
Friday next the 26th Instant, at 11
o'Clock, A. M. if not sold before
at private Sale,
A BRIGANTINE of 120 Tons,
with all her Rigging, &c. as she
now lies at Capt. Caleb Gardner's
Wharf. Any Person inclining to pur-
chase her at private Sale, may know
the Terms by applying to Mr. An-
ciaux, in Thames-street.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

To be SOLD, and entered upon in the
Spring.
THE well known Homestead FARM which
lately belonged to RICHARD GREENE, of
Potowomut, deceased, containing nearly 875
Acres of Land, pleasantly situated on a Neck of
Land, and is suitable for every Kind of Improve-
ment. It will answer well to be divided into
three Farms, nearly of an equal Number of
Acres. There is standing on the Easterly Part
a large well-finished Dwelling House, two Stories
high, 40 by 30 Feet, with an excellent Cellar of
the same Dimensions, a large Projection for a
Kitchen, Wash Room, and a Room suitable for
Work People to dine in, on the same Floor.—
There are three Barns, three Corn Cribbs, and
other out Buildings thereon, generally in good
Repair. There is tillage Land sufficient to pro-
duce from 12 to 1800 Bushels of Indian Corn
annually, from 50 to 75 Acres that may be
planted once in 7 or 8 Years, provided it is well
stocked with Grass-Seed when laid down to
English Grain, which ought to be the succeeding
Year. The Farm will be sold together or in
Divisions, as will best suit the Purchaser or
Purchasers. There are upwards of 300 Apple
Trees, chiefly of excellent Fruit, but have been
infested with Canker Worms some Years past.
There is a sufficient Quantity of young growing
Oak and Walnut Wood for Fuel, besides 8 or
10,000 Locust Trees, some Thousands of which
suitable for transplanting, which may be done to
Advantage. There may be Forage procured
from the Produce of said Farm sufficient to winter
70 Head of Cattle and 300 Sheep annually.
As the Estate is greatly involved, if not sold in
the Spring, the Executors propose delivering it
up to the Creditors, to be rented for their Ad-
vantage until sold; it will therefore be necessary
that they meet, in order to ascertain their Claims,
and affix their Proportions of the Profits arising,
and for that Purpose they are requested indivi-
dually to meet on the Farm, by themselves or
Agents, on the 25th Day of March next, when
the present Stock with the farming Utensils,
will be sold, if the Creditors do not choose to
let them with the Farm.
Potowomut, Feb. 26, 1784.

For Charleston,
SOUTH CAROLINA.
The SCHOONER
GEORGE-TOWN,
JOSEPH VOLANS, Master.

WILL be ready to sail by the
25th Instant, has good Ac-
commodations for Passen-
gers. For Freight or Passage apply to JACOB
ISSACKS, or the Master on board, now lying
at Stevens & Sevenson's Wharf.
Who has to dispose of excellent Bohea Tea,
by the Chest, or smaller Quantity at 3s. per lb.
He has likewise to sell a HOUSE that has 5
Rooms on a Floor, and is completely finished,
with a Chase House, and other Out Build-
ings belonging thereto, situated in a pleasant Part
of the Town.
Newport, March 12, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,
A Compleat Set of Block-Maker's
Tools with a Wheel, and a
Quantity of Lignumvitæ. Inquire of
the Printer.
Newport, February 20, 1784.

TO BE LET, for One Year or longer,
the House and Lot belonging to and
occupied by JAMES WEAVER.
Newport, March 19, 1784.

THE Hon. Town-Council of Newport have
ing appointed us the Subscribers Com-
missioners, and allowed Six Months to
receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors
to the Estate of JONATHAN FAIRBANK, de-
ceased, and the Estate of his Wife SUSANNA FAIR-
BANK, late of Newport, deceased, represented in-
solvent. We hereby give Notice to all those
who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit
them to us, at our respective Dwellings; and all
those who are indebted to said Estate are request-
ed to make Payment within the above Time, to
JOHN GARDNER,
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST.
Newport, March 1, 1784.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Walter Easton,

At his Shop next Door South of the Brick Mar-
ket, exceeding cheap for Cash, the following
Articles, viz.

SUPERFINE red, light and other co- lour'd Broad-Cloths, Gorduroys, Sattinets, Callimancoes, Tammies, Shalloons, Moreens, Irish Linens, Dowlas, Calicoes, Black and white trim- ing Gauze, Black and white Gauze Handkerchiefs, Black and white Milli- net, Silk, Cotton, and Linen Handkerchiefs, Apron and shirting Checks, Buckram, Twist, and sewing Silk, Coatings, Red and green Baize, Tickingburg, Men's Gilt and worsted Hose, Men's and Women's Silk and Leather Gloves, Black Breeches Pat- terns, Wide and narrow black Sattin, Wide and narrow black Mode, Green and red Sarfunts, Cambric and Lawn, Yard Wide Kenten Handkerchiefs, Red, black, and spotted Velvets, White and yellow Swartkin, An Assortment of Rib- bons, Flowerd Serge, Men's and Women's red Morocco Pocket Books, Maid's Morocco Shoes, Callimanco and Sattinet Ditto, Wilson Carpets, Bedricks, Men's Leather Shoes, Coloured and Scotts Thread, Slate colour'd Sattin, Black Taffety, Black Pelong,	Curtain Calicoes, Dark & light Chintzes, Lurestringes, Russia and Irish Sheet- ing, Diaper, Marcellies Quiltings, Rose Blankets, Bengals, Crapes, Silverits, Wide and narrow Tapes, Wide and narrow Bindings, Cambleteens, Camblets, Tobines, Brass Candlesticks, Large & small Scissars, Taylor's Shears, Knives and Forks, Double Knives, Penknives, Pewter Ink Pots, Plated Spurs & Whips, Lanterns, Hand Trumpets, Steelyards, Hammers, Hatchets, Fat Irons, Large and small Bel- lows, Ivory & Horn Combs, Brass Scales, Cork Screws, HL Hinges, Pad locks, Roman Waiters, Large and small frying Pans, Men's and Women's plated Shoe Buckles, Iron Spades, Awl Blades, Awl Halls, Spike & other Gimlets, Looking Glasses, Loaf and brown Sugar, Molasses, Best of Hyson and Bohea Teas, Flour, Rice, Indigo, Snuff and Snuff Boxes, Thimbles, Needles, and Pins, With sundry other Ar- ticles too tedious to mention.
---	--

Newport, January 23, 1784.

Dr. JOHN NEWMAN

TAKES this Opportunity of returning his best Thanks to the Public for the many Favours conferred on him by their Applications for the Cure of the Cancer, &c.—and as he is called to Boston, where he expects to remain about Six Weeks, he flatters himself that during his Absence his Son, HENRY NEWMAN, who is well qualified in the Cure of the Cancer and the Venereal Disease, in that short and safe Way without the Use of Mercury or the Patients altering their Way of living, and performs a Cure in Six Days.
Newport, March 12, 1784.

State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations
Providence, March 10th, 1784.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly, past at the Session held in February last, the Creditors of the Estate of Abner Durfee, late of Tiverton, deceased, are hereby notified to appear at the General Assembly to be holden at Newport on the First Wednesday in May next, to show Cause, if any they have, why the Petition of Lydia Durfee, Administratrix upon the said Estate, praying that she may render the same Inventory, should not be granted.

HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

TO BE SOLD.

On Little Rest Hill, in South Kingstown, Two Houses with a good Garden, well situated for a Shop or a Tavern—They will be sold on reasonable Terms for Cash, which any Person inclining to purchase may know by applying to
BARBER & TIM. PECKHAM.
South Kingstown, March 6 1784.

THE Honorable Town Council of Newport, having appointed us the Subscribers Commissioners, and allowed Six Months to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of JAMES PITMAN late of Newport, deceased, represented Insolvent; we hereby give Notice to all those who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit them to us at our respective Dwellings; and all those who are indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment within the above Time, to

GILES SANFORD,
SAMUEL VINSON.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

TO BE SOLD

AN excellent FARM on Brenton's Neck, containing about 320 Acres (Part of the Estate of J. Wheel Brenton Esq; deceased, and now improved by Mr. George Hiza d, the said Farm has a good Dwelling House, Barn, Crib, &c. and well watered, is contiguous to several Beaches, which afford a vast Quantity of Sea Manure, and which may be conveyed with little Labour to said Estate—it is also extremely convenient for Fowling, Fishing, &c. Any Person that has an Inclination to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who has full Power to dispose of the same.

BENJAMIN BRENTON.

Newport, February 25, 1784.

To be Let, and entered upon the 25th of March next,

AFARM in Portsmouth on Rhode-Island, containing 188 Acres, with a Dwelling-House, Crib, and other Buildings thereon; is exceedingly well watered, and has a good Orchard. For further Particulars inquire of Abraham Brown of Tiverton.

February 20th, 1784.

Just imported, and to be SOLD, by George Champlin, William Min-turn, and James Robinson,
BOHEA TEA by the Chest—Swedish Iron in Bars—Ditto round—China—Russia Duck—Light Ditto—and best Philadelphia FLOUR.
Newport, December 19, 1783.

JUST IMPORTED, BY Christ. Champlin,

And to be SOLD at his STORE, **BOHEA TEA**, by the Chest of the best Quality—Swedish Iron in Bars assorted—Russia Duck—Oznabrigs—Tickenburg—China Cups and Saucers—Russian Hemp—Junk of the best Kind—and a few Hogsheads of Molasses, fit for Retailing.

Newport, December 24, 1783.

Just imported in the Ship Newport Packet from Philadelphia, and to be Sold, by **GEORGE GIBBS**, SUPERFINE and common FLOUR—Bar Iron assorted.

He has likewise for Sale Bohea Tea per Chest, Hundred, or Dozen—Cream coloured Ware in Crates—Duck by the Bolt—and Cordage of all Sizes.

The NEWPORT PACKET will sail for Philadelphia as soon as the Weather will permit. For Freight or Passage apply to said Gibbs, or to Samuel Lawton, Master, on board.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

To be LET, and entered upon the 25th of March next,

A Farm of one Hundred Acres, with a good House, Barn, and Crib, lying within Three Miles of the Town of Newport, belonging to Oliver Warner. For Terms apply to **THANKFUL READER** in Newport.

February 20, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 24th of March inst. at 3 o'Clock P.M. on the Premises, if not redeemed before,

A MORTGAGE on 100 Acres of Land, lying in Middletown, the Estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, by

JOHN HOLMES, Executor.

March 3, 1784.

To be SOLD, by
Silvester Robinson,

ABOUT Seventy Acres of Land, with a large commodious Dwelling-House and Dry Goods Shop and Store, Corn Crib, Stable, and Orchard, at present under the Tenure of John Dockray of South-Kingstown, the said Estate adjoins the Post-Road, and is about one Mile to the Westward of Secaucus River, very conveniently situated for a Retailer of Dry Goods, &c. An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser by said Robinson.

South-Kingstown, the 4th of the 3d Month, 1784.

TOPHAM, BOSS, and NEWMAN,

Have for SALE at their STORE, Near the Point-Ferry,
JAMAICA Spirits, New-England Rum—Sugar—Molasses—superfine & common Flour—best Philadelphia Baylen—Salt—Also a few Barrels of

T A R

At the lowest Rate for Cash.
Country Produce will be taken in Part Pay.

TO BE SOLD, BY Nathan Bebee,

At his Shop next Door West of the Brick Market, exceeding cheap for Cash, the following Articles:

CORDUROYs, Sattinets, Cambricoes, Tamines, Shallboms, Irish Linens, Dowlas, Calicoes, Black and white trimming gaskes, Black and white milliner, Silk men, and cotton handkerchiefs, Apron and shirting checks, Buckram, twills, and sewing silks, Crews, Ribbands, tapes, and binding, Complete sets of house linens, Seven-baroms, Writing paper, Slates and pencils, Best British ink-powder and ink-cake, Dutch quilts, Boots, leather, and paper inkpots, Waters, and sealing wax, Beaver hats, English toles and top-pieces, Ivory and horn combs, Coloured and Scots thread,

Likewise, Shovels and tongs, Shovel pans, Belows, Candlesticks, Polish steel snuffers, Warming pans, Frying pans, Metal teapots of different sizes, Thumb latches, Iron scoop shovels, Brass nub locks, Double and single spring chest-locks, Large and small padlocks, Table knives and forks, Cutlery & penknives, Shears and scissars, Corkscrews, Shoe knives, Hammers and pincers, Nippers, Awl-blades,

Awl-hafis, Tacks, Raps and files, Chest hinges, H and HL hinges, Table joints, Two feet rules, Spike and other gimlets 20d, 30d, 4d, and 3d nails, German, English, and Swedish steel, White metal and brass steel top thimbles, Plated shoe and Race buckles, small cross-cut and hand-saws, Looking glasses, A very good assortment of glass, Liverpool, and Nottingham ware, Pewter and tin ware, Large bibles, Testaments, Spelling-books, Young man's best companion, Daily assistants, Childrens books, Almanacks for 1784,

Also, Molasses, Loaf and brown sugar, Souchong and bohea tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Flour, Rice, Indigo, starch, Powder, shot, and flints, Raisins, currants, and figs, Mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, and allspice, Spanish brown, Copperas, Allum, Brimstone, Redwood, Logwood, Excellent snuff at 2/5 per lb. by the doz. Womens' sattinet and callimanco shoes, made in this town, very neat, Also Mistick Tile for ovens and house hearths.

And sundry other articles, which are not mentioned.
The smallest Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Dr. JOHN NEWMAN

TAKES this Opportunity of returning his best Thanks to the Public for the many Favours conferred on him by their Applications for the Cure of the Cancer, &c.—and as he is called to Boston, where he expects to remain about Six Weeks, he flatters himself that during his Absence his Son, HENRY NEWMAN, who is well qualified in the Cure of the Cancer and the Venereal Disease, in that short and safe Way without the Use of Mercury or the Patients altering their Way of living, and performs a Cure in Six Days.

Newport, March 12, 1784.

State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations
Providence, March 10th, 1784.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly, past at the Session held in February last, the Creditors of the Estate of Abner Durfee, late of Tiverton, deceased, are hereby notified to appear at the General Assembly to be holden at Newport on the First Wednesday in May next, to show Cause, if any they have, why the Petition of Lydia Durfee, Administratrix upon the said Estate, praying that she may render the same Inventory, should not be granted.

HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

TO BE SOLD,

On Little Rest Hill, in South Kingstown, Two Houses with a good Garden, well situated for a Shopkeeper or a Tavern—They will be sold on reasonable Terms for Cash, which any Person inclining to purchase may know by applying to

BARBER & TIM. PECKHAM.

South Kingstown, March 6, 1784.

THE Honorable Town Council of Newport, having appointed us the Subscribers Commissioners, and allowed Six Months to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of JAMES PITMAN, late of Newport, deceased, represented Insolvent; we hereby give Notice to all those who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit them to us at our respective Dwellings; and all those who are indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment within the above Time, to

GILES SANFORD,
SAMUEL VINSON.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

TO BE SOLD

AN excellent FARM on Brenton's Neck, containing about 320 Acres (Part of the Estate of J. Heel Brenton, Esq; deceased, and now improved by Mr. George Hiza d, the said Farm has a good Dwelling House, Barn, Crib, &c. and well watered, is contiguous to several Beaches, which affords vast Quantity of Sea Manure, and which may be conveyed with little Labour to said Estate—it is also extremely convenient for Fowling, Fishing, &c. Any Person that has an Inclination to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who has full Power to dispose of the same.

BENJAMIN BRENTON.

Newport, February 25, 1784.

To be Let, and entered upon the 25th of March next,

AFARM in Portsmouth on Rhode-Island, containing 188 Acres, with a Dwelling-House, Crib, and other Buildings thereon; is exceedingly well watered, and has a good Orchard. For further Particulars inquire of Abraham Brown of Tiverton.

February 20th, 1784.

Just imported, and to be SOLD, by George Champlin, William Min-turn, and James Robinson,

BOHEA TEA by the Chest—Swedish Iron in Bars—Ditto round—China—Russia Duck—Light Ditto—and best Philadelphia FLOUR.

Newport, December 19, 1783.

JUST IMPORTED, BY
Christ. Champlin,

And to be SOLD at his STORE, **B**OHEA TEA, by the Chest of the best Quality—Swedish Iron in Bars assorted—Russia Duck—Oznabrigs—Tucklenburg—China Cups and Saucers—Russian Hemp—Junk of the best Kind—and a few Hogheads of Molasses, fit for Retailing.

Newport, December 24, 1783.

Just imported in the Sloop Newport Packet from Philadelphia, and to be Sold, by **G E O R G E G I B B S,** SUPERFINE and common FLOUR—Bar Iron assorted.

He has likewise for Sale Bohea Tea per Chest, Hundred, or Dozen—Cream coloured Ware in Crates—Duck by the Bolt—and Cordage of all Sizes.

The NEWPORT PACKET will sail for Philadelphia as soon as the Weather will permit. For Freight or Passage apply to said Gibbs, or to Samuel Lawton, Master, on board.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

To be LET, and entered upon the 25th of March next,

A Farm of one Hundred Acres, with a good House, Barn and Crib, lying within Three Miles of the Town of Newport, belonging to Oliver Warner. For Terms apply to **THANKFUL READER** in Newport.

February 20, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 24th of March inst. at 3 o'Clock P.M. on the Premises, if not redeemed before,

A MORTGAGE on 100 Acres of Land, lying in Middletown, the Estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, by

JOHN HOLMES, Executor.

March 3, 1784.

To be SOLD, by
Silvester Robinson,

ABOUT Seventy Acres of Land, with a large commodious Dwelling-House and Dry Goods Shop and Store, Corn Crib, Stable, and Orchard, at present under the Tenure of John Dockray of South-Kingstown, the said Estate adjoins the Post-Road, and is about one Mile to the Westward of Sacoctuck River, very conveniently situated for a Retailer of Dry Goods, &c. An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser by said Robinson.

South-Kingstown, the 4th of the 3d Month, 1784.

TOPHAM, BOSS, and NEWMAN,

Have for SALE at their STORE, Near the Point Ferry,

JAMAICA Spirits, New-England Rum—Sugar—Molasses—superfine & common Flour—best Philadelphia Barkton—Salt—Also a few Barrels of

T A R

At the lowest Rate for Cash.

Country Produce will be taken in Part Pay.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Nathan Bebee,

At his Shop next Door West of the Brick Market, *exceeding cheap for Cash*, the following Articles:

CORDEUOYS,

Sattinets, Calamancoes, Tamines, Shalloons, Irish Linens, Dowls, Calicoes, Back and white trimming gauzes, Back and white millinet, Silk, linen, and cotton handkerchiefs, Apron and shirting checks, Buckram, twists, and sewing silks, Crews, Ribbands, tapes, and binding, Complete sets of house bruthes, Sieve bottoms, Writing paper, Slates and pencils, Best British ink-powder and ink-cake, Dutch quilts, Brat, leather, and paper inkpots, Waxes, and sealing wax, Beaver hats, English soles and top-pieces, Ivory and horn combs, Coloured and Scots thread, *Likewise,* Shovels and tongs, Shovel pans, Bedows, Candlesticks, Polish'd steel snuffers, Warming pans, Frying pans, Metal teapots of different sizes, Thumbblatches, Iron scoop shovels, Brass nob locks, Double and single spring chest-locks, Large and small padlocks, Table knives and forks, Cut-throat & penknives, Shears and scissars, Corkscrews, Shoe knives, Hammers and pincers, Nippers, Awl-blades,

Awl-hafis, Tacks, Rasps and files, Chest hinges, H and HL hinges, Table joints, Two feet rules, Spike and other gimlets, 20d, 10d, 4d, and 3d nails, German, English, and Swedish steel, White metal and brass steel top thimbles, Plated shoe and knee buckles, small cross-cut and hand-saws, Looking glasses, A very good assortment of glass, Liverpool, and Nottingham ware, Pewter and tin ware, Large bibles, Testaments, Spelling-books, Young man's best companion, Daily assistants, Childrens books, Almanacks for 1784.

Also,

Molasses, Loaf and brown sugar, Souchong and bohea tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Flour, Rice, Indigo, tarch, Powder, shot, and flints, Raisins, currants, and figs, Mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, and allspice, Spanish brown, Copperas, Allum, Brimstone, Redwood, Logwood, Excellent snuff at 2/ per lb. by the doz. Womens' sattinet and callimanco shoes, made in this town very neat, Also Mistick Tile for ovens and house hearths.

And sundry other articles, which are not mentioned.

The smallest favours will be gratefully acknowledged.